# Fast Radio Burst with CHIME



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Background image: Andre Renard

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![](_page_1_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment

![](_page_1_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Picture_3.jpeg)

### **GPU Beamforming algorithm** Ng et al., 2017 (1702.04728) Masui et al., 2019

![](_page_3_Picture_1.jpeg)

- data rate 13 Tb/s
- 1024 GPU correlator

![](_page_3_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### FRB search pipeline

![](_page_4_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_4.jpeg)

## 13 FRBs and 1 repeater

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### CHIME/FRB collaboration, 2019a,b (1901.04524, 1901.04525)

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eshaping views of the p PAGE 168

SPACE AND CHIME First observations by Canadian telescope capture a slew of fast radio bursts PAGES 230 & 23

![](_page_5_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_9.jpeg)

### FRB from a Galactic magnetar

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Catalog 1

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

61 bursts from 18 repeating sources

# 535 FRBs detected between July 2018 and July 2019

DME	Information	Latest FRBs	Repeating FRBs	Galactic Sources	Transit Calculator	CHIME

#### Fast Radio Bursts in realtime

This data is provided to you by the CHIME/FRB collaboration. If you use this data, please use the following acknowledgement: We acknowledge use of the CHIME/FRB Public Database, provided at https://www.chime-frb.ca/ by the CHIME/FRB Collaboration.

#### Repeating FRBs (Total: 20 sources)

Per page 10 🗢	« « 1 2 » »	Download Repeaters						Filt	er: Type to Search	Type to Search Clear	
ID 🌲	Previous Name	Latest Event	¢	DM (pc cm <sup>-3</sup> )	\$	RA 🌲	Dec 🌲	Events 🌲	Arxiv Link	Host 🌲	
FRB20190303A	190303.J1353+48	2021-06-06 04:42:02.997504		223.8 (3.0)		13:53	+48:15	20	2001.03595		
FRB20201124A		2021-05-27 20:44:49.536276		414.0 (1.5)		05:08	26:03	33			
FRB20180916B	180916.J0158+65	2021-05-23 17:55:23.829196		349.7 (2.3)		01:58	+65:44	73	1908.03507	spiral	
FRB20200120E		2021-04-30 03:19:02.400583		88.3 (0.9)		09:57	+68:49	7	2103.01295		
FRB20190417A	190417.J1939+59	2021-04-24 13:26:45.507038		1379.1 (1.2)		19:39	+59:24	12	2001.03595		
FRB20190212A	190212.J18+81	2021-04-10 01:01:36.991027		302.1 (2.5)		18:24	+81:26	10	2001.03595		
FRB20190208A	190208.J1855+46	2021-02-03 17:58:11.178281		578.9 (2.4)		18:55	+46:58	7	2001.03595		
FRB20181119A	181119.J12+65	2020-12-04 15:49:20.254679		366.6 (3.7)		12:42	+65:08	8	1908.03507		
FRB20180814A	180814.J0422+73	2020-09-03 13:20:33.303715		189.4 (5.0)		04:22	+73:40	22	1901.04525		
190907.J08+46		2020-07-29 19:42:05.772016		309.1 (1.2)		08:09	+46:16	5	2001.03595		

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#### https://www.chime-frb.ca/repeaters

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#### Last Updated:

Repeaters that have a burst in the past 10 days are highlighted in red

© CHIME/FRB Collaboration

## Catalog 1: Euclidean sky distribution

#### CHIME/FRB collab, 2021 (2106.04352)

![](_page_9_Figure_2.jpeg)

- FRB luminosity function is consistent with a power law with  $\alpha = -1.40 \pm 0.11$ , which is consistent with Euclidean.
- $\geq$  5 Jy-ms, DM  $\geq$  100 pc cm<sup>-3</sup>, scattering time  $\tau_{600} \leq 10$  ms.

• Overall sky rate is  $818 \pm 64$  / sky / day, considering FRBs with fluence

### Catalog 1: Large Scale structure correlation

Background image: Millennium simulation

![](_page_10_Figure_2.jpeg)

Significant correlation: p-value ~ 10<sup>-4</sup> after accounting for lookelsewhere effects in redshift and angular scale
FRBs are correlated with galaxies, for a wide redshift range

# Rafiei-Ravandi et al., 2021 (2106.04354)

![](_page_10_Picture_5.jpeg)

## Catalog 1: Multiple population

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

 Repeaters tend to have larger burst widths and smaller emission bandwidth compared to one-off FRBs.

![](_page_11_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_6.jpeg)

### Periodicity in repeater

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Low-DM FRB host associations

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

**M81** – A spiral galaxy in the Local Volume at 3.6 Mpc (Bhardwaj+2103.01295)

The Precise-EVN collaboration localized to an M81 Globular cluster (Kristen+2105.11445)

![](_page_13_Figure_4.jpeg)

NGC3252 – A star-forming spiral galaxy at 20 Mpc, the second nearest FRB (Bhardwaj+, in prep)

#### Low-DM FRB host associations

Nearby FRBs might help uncover the origin of FRBs, thanks to the ease of multi-wavelength follow-up observations

![](_page_14_Figure_2.jpeg)

CHIME/FRB COLLABORATION

![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

Slide from Mohit Bhardwaj

![](_page_14_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Localizing FRBs

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_2.jpeg)

### Localizing FRBs with outriggers and CHORD

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

### Summary

- Catalog 1 just published 535 FRBs including 18 repeaters
  - Euclidean distribution with ~800 bursts/sky/day
  - FRB correlated with galaxies, for a wide redshift range
  - Multiple population (one-offs vs repeaters)
- Periodicity in a nearby repeater
- FRB from Galactic magnetar
- Low-DM FRBs host association
- Next: CHIME/FRB outriggers and CHORD

#### Bs including 18 repeaters bursts/sky/day a wide redshift range repeaters)

![](_page_17_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_11.jpeg)